SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION FOR ST. PAUL ELECTRICAL CONSTRUCTION PENSION PLAN

2025 RESTATEMENT To: Each Participant in the St. Paul Electrical Construction Pension Plan

We hope you will find a few uninterrupted minutes to sit down and read this booklet carefully because it deals with a very important subject your future.

As you read through this booklet and become familiar with the Plan, we hope you will agree with us that the Plan is not just a "fringe" benefit but an important part of your paycheck.

To get a full understanding of this Plan, read the booklet from cover to cover. It will help you understand the Plan, the qualifications for benefits, how your benefits are computed, when you can receive them and other related provisions. Reading one sentence, one paragraph or one page will not provide you with all the facts on how the Plan works and how its provisions apply to you.

The only people authorized to answer questions concerning the Plan are the Board of Trustees, or the Plan's third-party administrator, Wilson-McShane Corporation. If you have a question regarding the Pension Plan, please call Plan Administrator Wilson-McShane Corporation at 952-851-5949.

We are eager to have you understand the Plan, so if you have any questions that seem to be unanswered, please contact:

St. Paul Electrical Construction Pension Fund 1330 Conway Street, #130 St. Paul, Minnesota 55106

Telephone: 952-851-5949

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INTRODUCTION TO YOUR PLAN

PLAN INTRODUCTION

This Plan's purpose is to provide a means of developing and providing retirement benefits for you that are added to your benefits from Social Security and your own personal savings, as well as any other national or local union benefits you may have earned.

This Plan has been in existence since 1964. The Plan has been amended and restated on numerous occasions. Most recently, the Plan was restated in 2014 and received a favorable determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service on November 12, 2015.

This Plan is maintained pursuant to one or more Collective Bargaining Agreements. You may obtain copies of such agreements upon written request to the Plan Administrator, or you may examine the Agreements at the Plan's location.

Participants and Beneficiaries may receive from the Plan Administrator, upon written request, information as to whether a particular employer or employee organization is a contributor to the Plan and the address of such Contributing Employer or employee organization.

THE PLAN SUMMARY

The purpose of this summary is to highlight the features of this Plan in simple terms. If there is any conflict between a statement in this Summary Plan Description and in the Plan, the terms of the Plan control. A copy of the Plan document is available for your review. Please contact at the Plan Administrator's office.

The only people authorized to answer questions concerning the Plan are the Board of Trustees Plan Administrator or the Plan's third-party administrator, Wilson-McShane Corporation. If you have a question regarding the Pension Plan, call the Fund at 952-851-5949.

TYPE OF PLAN

The Plan is a defined benefit pension plan. Under this type of plan, when a Participant retires, the Participant will receive a fixed pension benefit. The section called "How Your Retirement Benefit Is Determined" explains the benefits a Participant can receive from the Plan.

COST

The entire cost of funding for this Plan is provided by the participating Employers. Contribution amounts are negotiated by the Union and contributing employers and/or the Association. The contribution amounts necessary to provide the Plan's benefits are actuarially determined.

ELIGIBILITY AND PARTICIPATION IN YOUR PLAN

HOW TO BECOME ELIGIBLE

There are specific requirements which you must meet to participate in the Plan:

A. Collectively Bargained Employees

You must be an employee of an employer who contributes to the Plan on your behalf. You must also be a member of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers Local Union No. 110, AFL-CIO (the "Union"), to be eligible, or you must be declared eligible by the Plan Trustees. You will become a Participant when you are employed by a Contributing Employer and contributions to the Plan are made on your behalf.

You are not required to complete any form(s) for entry into the Plan. You will automatically become a Participant after completing the time periods described above.

B. Non-Bargained Employees

1) Alumni Non-Bargained Employees

If you were once an employee of an employer who contributed to the Plan while you were a member of the Union, you can continue to participate in the Plan even though you are no longer represented by the Union if:

- (a) You are working for an employer who is currently making contributions to the Plan for employees who are represented by the Union;
- (b) The employer enters into a Participation Agreement with the Plan in which the employer agrees to make contributions to the Plan on your behalf;
- (c) You were employed under a collective bargaining agreement to which this alumni rule applies in the discretion of the Trustees; and
- (d) You meet any other requirements that the Trustees, in their discretion, establish.

2) Employees of Organizations Assisting the Plan

If you are an employee of an organization established for the purpose of assisting eligible employees and employers with matters relating to the electrical industry, you may participate if you satisfy the following requirements:

(a) Your employer enters into a Participation Agreement with the Plan in which the employer agrees to make contributions on your behalf, and

(b) You meet any other requirements that the Trustees, in their discretion, establish.

WHAT COUNTS AS SERVICE

There are several provisions that impact service in the Plan including:

- Plan Year
- Hours of Service
- Eligibility Service and Participation
- Vesting Service
- Accrual Service
- Break in Service

All of these are further described below.

Plan Year means the twelve (12) month period commencing October 1 through September 30.

Hours of Service means those hours of employment for which you are directly or indirectly paid, including time-off-with-pay periods such as vacations, holidays, sick leave or jury duty. No more than 501 hours for other-than-performance duties will be counted for any continuous period. Periods during which you are not paid, such as layoffs and worker's compensation, are not counted as Hours of Service. Hours of Service will be credited to the extent that federal law requires that employers accrue pension benefits for period of service.

Eligibility Service refers to service you need to be eligible to participate in the Plan. You are first eligible when you begin work for employer who contributes to Plan on your behalf. If you do not work for at least a year, when you return to work you will again become eligible to participate when contributions are made on your behalf.

Vesting Service is the period of service you must accrue in order to receive the pension benefits under this Plan. You are credited with one year of Vesting Service for each Plan Year during which you complete at least 1,000 Hours of Service. Vesting Service while on authorized Military Leave accumulates at the rate of 45 hours per week in each seven consecutive days of leave, just as does Eligibility Service. You will be credited with Vesting Service for each Plan Year you have worked for a Contributing Employer provided that you completed at least 1,000 Hours of Service in each such Plan Year.

There is a special rule governing Vesting Service for Participants employed under the CATV Bargaining Agreement. Consult the plan document or contact the Plan Administrator for this information.

Accrual Service is the service used in determining your Pension Benefit. You start earning Accrual Service at the beginning of the Plan Year in which you become a Participant in the Plan.¹

The provisions regarding Accrual Service depend upon the time periods in which you worked, as further described below.

From November 1, 1976 to September 30, 1995:

- One year of Accrual Service is earned for each Plan Year in which you complete at least 1,800 Hours of Service in Covered Employment. **Covered Employment** means any employment for which contributions are made pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement or other agreement with the Plan.
- O If you have at least 450 Hours of Service in Covered Employment but no more than 1,800 Hours of Service in Covered Employment, Accrual Service in the Plan Year is the fraction of One Year Accrual Service multiplied by a percentage equal to Hours of Service in Covered Employment divided by 2,000 hours [One Year of Service * (Hours of Service/2000)].

From October 1, 1995 to September 30, 2008:

- One year of Accrual Service is earned for each Plan Year in which you complete at least 1,800 Hours of Service in Covered Employment.
- O If you have at least 450 Hours of Service in Covered Employment but no more than 1,800 Hours of Service in Covered Employment, Accrual Service in the Plan Year is the fraction of One Year Accrual Service multiplied by a percentage equal to Hours of Service in Covered Employment divided by 1,800 hours [One Year of Service * (Hours of Service/1800)]

From October 1, 2008 to date:

- One year of Accrual Service is earned for each Plan Year in which you complete at least 1,800 Hours of Service in Covered Employment.
- O If you have at least 180 Hours of Service in Covered Employment but no more than 1,800 Hours of Service in Covered Employment, Accrual Service in the Plan Year is the fraction of One Year Accrual Service multiplied by a percentage equal to Hours of Service in Covered Employment divided by 1,800 hours [One Year of Service * (Hours of Service/1800)].

¹ Certain employers may have entered into contracts providing for a lower contribution rate, such as the Boxshop Agreement. The Accrual Service earned while working for such employers is reduced to reflect the lower contribution rate. Ask the Plan Administrator for details.

Example #1-- Accrual Service-- Prior to October 1, 1995:

If you had 500 hours worked in a Plan Year prior to 10/1/1995, you will receive 500/2000 or 1/4 of an Accrual Service credit for that period.

Example #2—Accrual Service-- After September 30, 1995:

If you had 450 hours worked in a Plan Year after 9/30/1995, you will receive 450/1800 or ¹/₄ of an Accrual Service credit for that period.

Example #3—Accrual Service-- After September 30, 2008:

If you had 200 hours worked in a Plan Year after 9/30/2008, you will receive 200/1800 or 1/9 of an Accrual Service credit for that period.

<u>Prior to November 1, 1976</u>, the method of determining **Accrual Service** was somewhat different. The Plan Administrator can tell you the number of years of Accrual Service you are credited with prior to November 1, 1976.

Accrual Service During a Temporary Total Disability or a Permanent Disability allows you to accrue 1/52 of a year of Accrual Service for each week that you are determined to have a Temporary Total Disability or a Permanent Disability up to a maximum of one (1) year of Accrual Service for each separate period of disability. An Active Participant is entitled to the lesser of two (2) years of such Accrual Service or the amount of Accrual Services earned until the Active Participant is determined to have a Permanent Disability, regardless of the number of times or number of years of the disability. A Temporary Total Disability means that the Participant is unable to engage in the usual and customary duties of the Participant's own occupation due to bodily injury or illness. A Permanent Disability is described at page 10.

Break in Service occurs if you have not received any compensation, either directly or indirectly, in Covered Employment in a Plan Year and you fail to complete one (1) or more Hours of Service in Covered Employment during a Computation Period (which is usually a Plan Year). During certain absences, such as paid vacation, disability, as well as military leaves of absence, you do not incur a Break in Service even though you do not receive compensation for Covered Employment. The Plan specifies these absences in more detail.

If you are re-employed after a Break in Service, you may resume participation in the Plan if you complete a 12-month period in which you have 1,000 Hours of Service. Your entry date for purposes of Vesting Service and Accrual Service is then retroactive to your re-employment commencement date. If you return to Covered Employment prior to causing a Permanent Break in Service, you may "restore" or "save" all your pre-break Vesting Service and Accrual Service until such time you incur years of Breaks in Service again.

A Permanent Break in Service occurs if you incur consecutive one-year Breaks in Service that equal or exceed the number of full years (regardless of being consecutive) of pre-break Vesting Service or five (5) years, whichever is greater. If you have a Permanent Break in Service, and become reemployed, you must satisfy the Eligibility Rules as if you were a new employee. If you

have Permanent Break in Service before being 100% Vested in the Pension, the Permanent Break in Service cancels pre-break Vesting Service, Accrual Service and Eligibility Service permanently.

Example — Break in Service/Permanent Break in Service:

If a Participant who was not 100% Vested (less than 5 years of Vesting Service) had four (4) years of Vesting Service and failed to work for a period of three (3) consecutive years and then returned to work in Covered Employment, he would not lose his pre-break Vesting Service and Accrual Service because years of Vesting Service was greater than the number of years of Break in Service. In order to lose all pre-break Service, this Participant would have to have five consecutive year Breaks in Service.

If a Participant's absence from employment is due to maternity or paternity leave, the employee will receive credit for unpaid hours of service related to his or her leave solely for avoiding a Break in Service, not to exceed 501 hours. Such hours will be credited to the first period during which the employee otherwise would incur a one year Break in Service as a result of the unpaid absence.

RECIPROCITY

The Board of Trustees is signatory to the Electrical Industry National Reciprocity Agreement. The purpose of the reciprocity agreement is to permit you to retain eligibility when contributions are made for you to another IBEW pension fund.

To be certain that your contributions are transferable to this Plan, you should contact the local union for which you are (or will be) working to register with Electronic Reciprocal Transfer Service (ERTS). Please be certain to fill out the reciprocity form completely and accurately, including the Plan's name and address.

WHEN YOU ARE VESTED

If you work until you are age 65, you will be 100% Vested in your benefit, even if you have fewer than five (5) years of Vesting Service.

If you leave employment before you reach age 65, you will have a Vested Benefit from the Plan if you have completed at least five (5) years of Vesting Service. This means you would share in the Pension Plan even though you no longer work for a Contributing Employer when you reach 65. If you have fewer than five (5) years of Vesting Service when you leave employment before age 65, you will not be entitled to any vesting credit or pension benefit upon reaching Retirement Age (see Break in Service provisions above)

RETIREMENT AGE WHEN YOU MAY REQUEST A DISTRIBUTION

Your Normal Retirement Date is the last day of the month in which you turn age 65.

Early Retirement, with no reduction in benefit, is available as early as age 60 if you have at least 10 years of Vesting Service and have had contributions made on your behalf for a minimum of 1,000 Hours of Service in the Plan Year immediately preceding the Plan Year in which you retire.

Early Retirement, with no reduction in benefit, is available as early as age 58 if you have at least 25 years of Accrual Service and have had contributions made on your behalf for a minimum of 1,000 Hours of Service in the Plan Year immediately preceding the Plan Year in which you retire.

Early Retirement, with no reduction in benefit, is available as early as age 58 through 61, if you have at least 25 years of Accrual Service and have had an average of 1,000 Hours of Service in the five (5) Plan Years immediately preceding the Plan Year in which you retire.

Early Retirement, with a reduction in benefits, is available as early as age 55 if you have at least 25 years of Accrual Service and have had contributions made on your behalf for a minimum of 1,000 Hours of Service in the Plan Year immediately preceding the Plan Year in which you retire.

Early Retirement with a reduction in benefits is available as early as age 55 if you have at least 25 years of Accrual Service and have had an average of 1,000 Hours of Service in the five (5) Plan Years immediately preceding the Plan Year in which you retire.

Early Commencement of a Benefit as early as age 62 if you have at least 10 years of Vesting Service, but prior to Normal Retirement Age, without a reduction if you stopped working in Covered Employment and have your application for benefits approved by the Trustees.

Effective October 1, 2008, if you experienced an interruption in participation in the Plan as a result of unemployment through no fault of your own and there was no work available in your job classification, such unemployment counts toward satisfying the required period of service immediately preceding the Plan Year in which you are taking an Early Retirement. You must provide proof to the Trustees that you were properly registered and available for employment and, that you did not refuse work from Union referrals.

You may ask the Plan Administrator for calculations of estimates of your retirement benefits.

REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTRIBUTIONS

Federal law requires you to begin to receive your pension benefits from the Plan by certain ages. These payments are known as "Required Minimum Distributions". Except for the first payment, each payment is due on or before December 31. So, by the end of the calendar year in which your first payment is due (see below), you must also receive your second payment. If a Required Minimum Distribution is not made on time, you may be subject to an excise tax imposed by federal tax law.

Prior to 2020, you were required to start receiving Required Minimum Distributions no later than April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which you reached the age of 70½, or, if later, the year in which you retired (that is, permanently stopped working in the trade).

Due to the SECURE Act, the Required Minimum Distribution age for a terminated participant increased to age 72 as of 2020. This meant, for example, that if you turned age 72 in the year 2022, you were required to begin receiving your required minimum distributions by April 1, 2023.

Due to SECURE Act 2.0, the required minimum distribution age for a terminated participants was increased to age 73 in 2023. This means, for example, that if you turn age 73 in 2024, you must start receiving your required minimum distributions from the Plan by April 1, 2025.

Five percent owners of companies (as defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 416) must start receiving benefits by April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which that individual reaches their applicable required minimum distribution age (72 or 73) regardless of whether or not the individual has retired.

BENEFITS UNDER YOUR PLAN

THE PLAN ADMINISTRATOR WILL PROVIDE ESTIMATES OF YOUR RETIREMENT BENEFITS UPON REQUEST.

HOW YOUR NORMAL RETIREMENT BENEFIT IS DETERMINED

Your benefit is related to your length of service with one or more Contributing Employers. This is called Accrual Service.

The Normal Retirement Benefit Formula will vary depending on the benefit accrual rate in effect during your years of Accrual Service. All Participants retiring after January 1, 2024 with an Hour of Service in 2024 are entitled to a benefit based upon \$56.00 times the number of years of Accrual Service. For example, a Participant retiring with 30 years of Accrual Service after January 1, 2025 would be entitled to:

$$$56 \times 30 \text{ years} = $1,680$$

For Participants who have terminated employment under the Collective Bargaining Agreement on or before January 1, 2025, the benefit amount will vary and will be based upon the benefit accrual rate in effect during your years of Accrual Service. The Plan Administrator will be able to assist you in determining your benefit amount based upon your date of termination of Covered Employment.

BENEFITS AT EARLY RETIREMENT

There are several definitions of Early Retirement date, depending on your age (age 55 to 65), Accrual Service, and contribution history in the Plan. Depending upon which definition applies, your pension may be subject to certain reductions.

If you apply and are approved for Early Retirement or Early Commencement of a Benefit, your pension is calculated as for a Normal Retirement Benefit but may also be subject to a reduction factor or equivalency reduction. In addition, the Early Retirement benefit is less than if you had worked to age 65, because you will have fewer years of Accrual Service than if you continued to work to age 65. For example, if you would have 25 years of Accrual Service at age 65 but retire at age 60, you will only have 20 years of Accrual Service when you retire early.

BENEFITS IN THE EVENT OF ANY OTHER TERMINATION (VESTING)

If you leave Covered Employment after completing five (5) or more years Vesting Service, you will be eligible for a Deferred Pension. This monthly benefit will commence at Normal Retirement Age. If you are eligible for Early Retirement, you may elect to receive this benefit under the Early Retirement Provisions of the Plan.

Your Deferred Pension will be calculated at Normal Retirement by multiplying your Years of Accrual Service by the appropriate benefit accrual rate, which is typically the benefit in effect at the time you terminated participation in Covered Employment.

PENSION PURCHASE OPTION

You may make a direct rollover from the St. Paul Electrical Workers Supplemental Pension Plan at Normal Retirement or Early Retirement to purchase an additional amount of defined benefit pension, which is added to your pension check total. The rollover amount must be at least \$10,000 and in increments of \$1,000 thereafter up to your total balance in the St. Paul Electrical Workers Supplemental Pension Plan. The benefit amount purchased depends on interest rates in effect at time of purchase.

VARIOUS WAYS PENSION BENEFITS ARE PAID

Normally, retirement benefits are continued for your lifetime after they have begun. This is called a "Life Annuity" benefit. Under a Single Life Annuity benefit, the unmarried Participant receives monthly payments throughout his or her lifetime; all benefit payments under the Single Life Annuity cease upon the Participant's death.

Married Participants have the following benefit payment options:

- Qualified Joint & Survivor Annuity (QJSA): A married Participant will receive benefits in a 50% Qualified Joint Survivor Annuity ("QJSA") form, unless a different election is made. (The benefit that your spouse receives under the QJSA is 50% of the amount you receive while you are alive.)
- <u>75% Qualified Optional Survivor Annuity</u>: A married Participant may elect, without written spousal consent, to receive benefits in a 75% Qualified Optional Survivor Annuity ("QOSA") form. (The benefit that your spouse receives under the QOSA is 75% of the amount you receive while you are alive.)
- <u>100% Joint and Survivor Annuity</u>: A married Participant may elect, without written spousal consent, a 100% Joint and Survivorship form. (The benefit that your spouse receives under this form is 100% of the amount you received while you are alive.)
- <u>Life Annuity</u>: A married Participant may elect, <u>with written spousal approval and consent</u>, a Life Annuity form payable over the Participant's lifetime. Your spouse will receive no benefit upon your death.

The monthly amount of the various Joint Survivorship Annuity benefit forms is less than the "Life Only" benefit. This happens because the benefit will not only be paid to you for your life, but will also continue to be paid to your spouse after your death for his or her lifetime, provided that your spouse survives you.

There are several conditions to the Joint and Survivor Annuity forms. First, only the spouse married to you at the time your pension commences may receive the survivor portion of the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity. If your spouse dies before you do, all pension payments cease on your death. The Trustees will not increase monthly pension payments after the payments commence (except in the situation where the Pop-up benefit may apply), even if your spouse later divorces you. Finally, the Trustees will continue payments to a surviving spouse for his or her lifetime (even if he or she remarries).

Pop-Up Benefit: The Plan has a Pop-up Benefit for Participants who retired on or after July 1, 2008. If a Participant retires, and the Participant's spouse dies, the Participant's Joint and Survivorship Benefit form will increase – that is, pop up – to the normal, Life Annuity form. There is no Pop-up benefit in the case of divorce.

For the period between July 1, 2008 and May 31, 2022, your spouse would have had to have died within five-years of your retirement for you to receive the Pop-up Benefit. If the spouse died more than five-years after your retirement, the benefit would not pop-up.

As of June 1, 2022, the benefit will Pop-up if your spouse pre-deceases you, no matter when they died. This Pop-up benefit is then paid to you until your death.

Guaranteeing retirement benefits to two people for their respective lifetimes means the Trustees may pay out more monthly benefit checks than the Trustees would pay out if the Plan guaranteed benefits for only one lifetime. Therefore, the Trustees reduce your Pension benefit to pay the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity. This adjustment is called an actuarial equivalent calculation. The actual reduction will depend upon the difference in ages between you and your spouse. The information the Plan Administrator furnishes you regarding the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity will explain the necessary adjustment.

As of June 26, 2013, the Plan has been administered to recognize same-sex couples as legally married spouses, if they provide proof of marriage.

APPLICATION FOR PENSION

You must file an application with the Board of Trustees and the Trustees must approve the application, before any pension benefits will be paid. Therefore, it is strongly recommended that you contact the Plan Administrator for the Pension Plan about three months before you wish to retire. This will allow enough time for your application to be processed and will ensure that you receive your first pension check on time. When applying for your pension benefits, be prepared to furnish the Plan with correct information, including satisfactory proof of age and completed administrative forms.

BENEFITS UPON DISABILITY (PERMANENT DISABILITY; PROFESSION/TRADE DISABLITY; MILITARY DISABILITY)

Permanent Disability

If you become totally and permanently disabled while you are still engaged in Covered Employment, and you have at least five (5) years of Vesting Service, you may qualify for a Disability Benefit from the Pension Plan. Proof that you suffer from such a disability must be filed with the Trustees and must consist of a Social Security Disability Award or such other proof as the Trustees require such as obtaining a physical examination (at Plan expense) in order to confirm the disability.

If you recover from total disability and return to employment with a Contributing Employer, you will receive credit for your prior years of participation, your disability benefits will cease, and you will begin to accrue additional benefits for your Retirement Pension.

If you become disabled on or after July 1, 1997 while working in Covered Employment and were Vested on the date of the disability, you will be eligible to receive the greater of:

- A benefit equal to the amount of the number of your Accrual Service credits times the Accrued Benefit rate in effect on the date of Disability; or
- Twenty (20) Accrual Service credits times the Accrual Benefit rate in effect on the date of Disability.

You will start receiving your Disability Pension benefit on the first day of the calendar month following the date the Trustees approve the Disability Pension, retroactive (without interest) to the date the Trustees determine the Disability commenced. However, no Disability Pension will be payable from the Plan while you are receiving any short-term or temporary disability benefits from the St. Paul Electrical Workers' Medical Reimbursement Plan or from any other source (including, but not limited to, workers' compensation benefits).

If you became disabled prior to July 1, 1997, check with the Plan Administrator for details regarding your eligibility to receive a disability pension and how such pension is calculated.

Benefits paid to a surviving spouse upon a Participant's death in the form of a lump sum survivor benefit before the Participant retires shall be reduced by the amount of disability pension benefits paid to the Participant, but in no event will the benefit be less than \$2,500.

Profession/Trade Disability

If you become disabled in a way that prevents you from working in Covered Employment under a collective bargaining agreement, but you are not "totally and permanently" disabled, you may be treated as having suffered a Profession/Trade Disability. The effect of being designated as being on a Profession/Trade Disability is that you are allowed to benefit from increases in the accrued benefit rate (but no additional Accrual Service) for up to seven years following the date of your Profession/Trade Disability or up to your Normal Retirement Date, whichever occurs first.

To claim a Profession/Trade Disability, you must submit a written claim to the Trustees. You must also submit proof of the Profession/Trade Disability at your expense. The Trustees may require proof of the Profession/Trade Disability periodically for their redetermination of the Profession/Trade Disability. If you recover from your Profession/Trade Disability, your ability to enjoy any increases in the rate of benefit accrual ceases, unless you return to Covered Employment.

Military Service Disability

Effective October 1, 2000, if you become "totally and permanently" disabled while serving in the armed forces and you were working in Covered Employment immediately prior to entering the armed forces, you may seek a Military Service Disability Benefit from the Pension Plan. The Trustees may require that you obtain a physical examination (at Plan expense) in order to confirm

the disability. If you recover from the Military Service Disability and return to employment with a Contributing Employer, you will receive credit for your prior years of participation, your disability benefits will cease, and you will begin to accrue additional benefits for your Retirement Pension.

If you had at least twenty (20) years of Accrual Service at the time you suffered a Military Service Disability, you will receive a pension equal to the amount of the number of your Accrual Service credits times the Accrued Benefit rate in effect on the date of Disability without offset. If you had less than twenty (20) years of Accrual Service at the time you suffered a Military Service Disability, you will receive a pension equal to the amount of the number of your Accrual Service Credits times the Accrued Benefit rate in effect on the date of Disability offset (reduced) by any other Disability Benefits you received or are entitled to receive.

PRE-RETIREMENT SPOUSE ANNUITY

Under this Plan, your surviving spouse may receive a Pre-Retirement Survivor Annuity if you die prior to the time the Trustees commence payment of your benefit and you and your surviving spouse had been married throughout the one-year period prior to the date of your death.

- If you die on or after January 1, 2025, and **after** attaining the Earliest Retirement Age under the Plan, the Pre-Retirement Survivor Benefit is the survivor portion of the 100% Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity the Plan would have paid if you had commenced receiving benefits the day before your death.*
- If you die on or after January 1, 2025, **on or before** attaining the earliest Retirement Age while you are working in Covered Employment or while you are on a Profession/Trade Disability under the Plan, the Pre-Retirement Survivor Benefit is the survivor portion of the 100% Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity the Plan would have paid as if you had a Severance of Covered Employment, survived until the earliest retirement age under the Plan at which age you would have no reduction in benefits, retired at that time with a 100% Qualified Joint Survivor Annuity and died the next day.*
- If you die on or after January 1, 2025, and **on or before** attaining the earliest Retirement Age, the Pre-Retirement Survivor Benefit is the survivor portion of the 110% Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity the Plan would have paid as if you had a Severance of Covered Employment, survived until the earliest retirement age under the Plan, retired at that time with a 100% Qualified Joint Survivor Annuity and died the next day.*

*If a participant died prior to January 1, 2025 under any of the three categories above, the surviving spouse would receive a 50% Qualified and Joint Survivor Annuity as the pre-retirement spousal annuity.

Your surviving spouse may not begin to receive this survivor benefit until the time when you would have reached Early Retirement age, had you survived. Your spouse may also elect to defer taking payment of this pension to a later time.

For example, if the monthly pension at age 60 under the 50% Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity would have been \$400 under the Pre-retirement Survivor Benefit, your surviving spouse would

receive a lifetime monthly pension of \$200 (that is, 50% of the amount you would receive as a monthly pension benefit during your lifetime under a 50% Qualified Joint and Survivor Option if you had retired at age 60).

The Plan Administrator will upon request furnish you with information regarding the Pre-Retirement Survivor Annuity. This benefit is provided to you without cost.

CASH-OUT AND PAYMENT OF SMALL AMOUNTS

If you terminate employment and the present value of your Vested pension does not exceed \$1,000, the Plan will distribute to you the present value of your Deferred Pension in a single lump sum. If you receive a present value, single sum payment of your Deferred Benefit prior to satisfying the requirements for an Early Retirement Pension or for a Normal Retirement Pension, the receipt of the payment will result in the forfeiture of the non-vested value of your accrued benefit. However, if you return to employment with a contributing Employer, you may restore the previous forfeiture of your non-vested accrued benefit by repaying the full amount of the previous distribution you received, plus 5% interest per annum from the date of the previous distribution.

SUSPENSION OF BENEFITS FOR BOTH EARLY AND NORMAL RETIREMENT AGE

Payment of the monthly pension benefit may be subject to suspension if you retire and then return to certain employment in the industry. The suspension rules differ if you are receiving an Early Retirement or Normal Retirement benefit.

<u>Early Retirement Benefits</u>: If you have received six or fewer monthly pension checks, your pension benefit will be suspended if you work in the industry, whether in the immediate geographical area defined in the most recent collective bargaining agreement or under a related plan with a reciprocal agreement. If you have received more than six monthly pension checks, your pension benefit will be subject to suspension thereafter if you work more than 479 hours in a 12-month period in the industry in the geographical jurisdiction defined in the most current collective bargaining agreement.

It is your responsibility to monitor your work hours and report to Wilson-McShane if you will exceed the hour limit noted above. If you fail to notify Wilson-McShane before you exceed the 479-hour limit, your benefits will be subject to an additional three-month suspension.

Please note that if you are receiving an early retirement pension, you can work anywhere and for as many hours as you want as long as you're working outside the geographical jurisdiction of the Pension Plan and have received six pension checks.

<u>Normal Retirement Benefits</u>: If you are age 65 and older, your monthly pension will be subject to suspension if you work 40 or more hours during a calendar month inside the jurisdiction of the union, in any industry in which employees covered by the Pension Plan were employed and you're employed in the trade or craft in which you were employed while under the Pension Plan.

Please note that if you are receiving a normal retirement pension, you can work anywhere and for as many hours as you want as long as you're working outside the geographical jurisdiction of the Pension Plan.

The Plan maintains Rules and Regulations governing these suspension-of-benefits rules. To avoid any confusion as to whether your retirement benefit would be subject to suspension, contact the Plan Administrator *before* returning to work. If you fail to notify the Plan of employment that may cause suspension of your monthly pension benefit or you willfully misrepresent to the Plan your re-employment as described above, the monthly benefits will be suspended for an additional period of three (3) months.

LOSS OF BENEFITS

If a Participant's employment is terminated (other than by death) prior to age 65 with less than five (5) years of Vesting Service and the Participant never returns to employment with a Contributing Employer, the Participant will not be eligible for benefits. There are certain exceptions to this rule. You should consult the Plan Administrator if you have questions about your eligibility for benefits.

LUMP SUM SURVIVOR BENEFIT – PRE-RETIREMENT AND POST-RETIREMENT

Pre-Retirement Benefit

If your death occurs prior to your Retirement while you are still actively engaged in Covered Employment, your spouse shall be entitled to a lump sum payment in the amount of:

- \$5,000 for Participants with up to five (5) years of Accrual Service;
- \$7,500 for Participants with at least five (5) years but not more than ten years of Accrual Service;
- \$10,000 for Participants with over ten (10) years of Accrual Service.

This lump sum survivor benefit is payable to your surviving spouse, or to your designated Beneficiary. The Plan has rules for determining and identifying your Beneficiary. You may elect a Beneficiary by completing the appropriate forms available at the Plan's location. The only exception to the requirement of being actively at work in Covered Employment is if you are not at work by reason of disability.

Post-retirement Benefit

If your death occurs after you begin receiving your retirement benefits under this Plan, your spouse (or other Beneficiary) is entitled to a lump sum payment in the amount of \$7,500.00 decreased by the amount of payments made to you under the Plan. In no event will the benefit be less than \$2,500.00. You may elect a Beneficiary other than those mentioned by completing the appropriate forms available at the Plan's location.

NAMING A BENEFICIARY

When you become a participant in the Plan, you will be asked to complete a beneficiary form. If you are not married, you can name anyone you wish to receive your pension benefit in the event of your death, and you may change your beneficiary at any time by simply filling out a new form

and returning it to the Plan Administrator's Office. The Plan will not comply with any other document designating a Beneficiary, other than the Beneficiary designation form on file with the Plan at the time of your death.

If you are married, your spouse is automatically your beneficiary. If you are married and choose someone other than your spouse as your beneficiary, the choice is not valid unless your spouse consents, and that consent must be in writing and notarized. Further, if you divorce your spouse, your beneficiary designation form is null and void and you will need to complete a new one at the Fund Office or the default order listed below will apply.

If you do not complete the beneficiary form, or if your designated beneficiary does not outlive you, the following persons will be considered your beneficiary or beneficiaries in the following order, if they outlive you:

- Surviving spouse, or if none;
- In equal amounts to any surviving children, including adopted children, or if the child predeceases the Participant but leave issue (children) surviving the Participant, the issue will receive their parent's share, or if none;
- To your surviving parents, or if none;
- To your brothers and sisters in equal amounts; or if the brother or sister predeceases the Participant, but leave issue (children) surviving the Participant, the issue will receive their parent's share, or if none;
- To your personal representative or representatives (executors and administrators) and;
- The personal representative of the last to die of the Beneficiaries designated above.

TAXATION OF PENSION BENEFITS

Your Pension benefits are taxable. The Plan withholds federal income taxes from your payments as required by law. If you want a different amount withheld over the minimum required by federal law, please contact Wilson-McShane Corporation.

DOMESTIC RELATIONS ORDER

As a general rule, your interest in your benefit may not be alienated. This means that your interest may not be sold, used as collateral for a loan, given away or otherwise transferred. In addition, your creditors may not attach, garnish or otherwise interfere with your account.

There is an exception, however, to this general rule. The Plan may be required by law to recognize obligations you incur as a result of court ordered child support or alimony payments.

The Plan must honor a Qualified Domestic Relations Order" ("QDRO"). A QDRO is defined as a decree or order issued by a court that obligates you to pay child support or alimony, or otherwise allocates a portion of your assets in the Plan to your spouse, former spouse, child or other dependent. If a QDRO is received by the Plan, all or a portion of your benefits may be used to satisfy the obligation. The Plan shall determine the validity of any domestic relations order it receives.

The Trustees have adopted administrative procedures that apply to Qualified Domestic Relations Orders. You may obtain a copy of these procedures by requesting them from Wilson-McShane Corporation.

PENSION BENEFIT GUARANTY CORPORATION

Certain benefits under this Plan are insured by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC), a federal insurance agency, in the event that the Plan is terminated and has insufficient assets to pay its accrued benefits.

Generally, the PBGC guarantees most vested Normal Retirement Age benefits, Early Retirement benefits, and certain Disability and Survivor's Pensions. However, PBGC does not guarantee all types of benefits under covered plans. Also, the amount of benefit protection is subject to certain limitations.

The PBGC guarantees Vested benefits at the level in effect on the date of Plan termination. However, if a Plan if benefits increased within the five (5) years before Plan termination, the whole amount of the Plan's vested benefits or the benefit increase may not be guaranteed.

The maximum benefit that the PBGC guarantees is set by law. Under the multiemployer pension program, the PBGC guarantee equals a Participant's year of service multiplied by the following:

- 100% of the first \$11 of the monthly benefit accrual rate, and
- 75% of the next \$33 of the monthly rate.

However, these guarantees are subject to a maximum plan guarantee limit prescribed by law. For a retiree with 30 years of service the current (2016) annual limit is 100 percent of the first \$3,960 and 75% of the next \$11,760 for a total annual guarantee of \$12,870. This limit has been in place since 2001.

The PBGC guarantee generally does not cover: (1) Benefits greater than the maximum guaranteed amount set by law; (2) benefit increases and new benefits based on plan provisions that have been in place for fewer than five years at the earlier of: (i) The date the plan terminates or (ii) the time the plan becomes insolvent; (3) benefits that are not vested because you have not worked long enough; (4) benefits for which you have not met all of the requirements at the time the plan becomes insolvent; and (5) non-pension benefits, such as health insurance, life insurance, certain death benefits, vacation pay, and severance pay.

For more information on the PBGC insurance protection and its limitations, ask your Plan Administrator or the PBGC. Inquiries to the PBGC should be addressed to the Technical Assistance Division, PBGC, 1200 K Street, N.W., Suite 930, Washington, DC 20005-4026. The

PBGC may also be reached by calling (202) 326-4000 (not a toll free number). Additional information is available through the PBGC's web site at http://www.pbgc.gov.

BENEFIT CLAIMS PROCEDURE

You or your Beneficiaries should make a request for any Plan benefits that you may be entitled to receive. Any such request must be made in writing. It should be made to Wilson-McShane Corporation.

REQUEST FOR BENEFITS

The Plan Administrator, under the direction of the Trustees, will determine whether a participant is entitled to a pension benefit and will notify the participant of the entitlement or denial of any benefit requested. The notice will state the reason for any denial of a claim for benefits.

If you are not satisfied with the decision of the Plan Administrator, you may request a review by the Trustees filing a written appeal with the Plan Administrator, giving your reasons for the request. You must make this request within 60 days of the time you received the Administrator's decision (or 180 days if related to disability pension benefits or an appeal from a decision to suspend benefit payments due to disqualifying employment).

You may ask to see any documents that concern your case. You may submit written comments, documents, record and other information relating to your claim for benefits. You do not have the right to make a personal appearance before the Trustees or any duly appointed committee or agent of the Trustees.

If the appeal relates to a claim for disability benefits, the review will not be conducted by anyone who made the adverse benefit determination or by a subordinate of anyone who made the adverse benefit determination, and no deference will be given to that adverse benefit determination. If the appeal relates to an adverse benefit determination that was based at least in part on a medical judgment, the Appeals Committee will consult with a healthcare professional who is trained and experienced in the field of medicine involved in that medical judgment and who was not consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination and who is not the subordinate of anyone who was so consulted. Upon request, the Plan will identify any healthcare professional that the Appeals Committee consulted in relation to the claim.

For a disability claim, the Plan will provide the claimant, free of charge, any new or additional evidence considered, relied upon, or generated by the Plan in connection with the claim. That evidence will be provided to the claimant as soon as possible and sufficiently in advance of the date on which the notice of adverse benefit determination under review is required to be provide. Further, before the Plan can issue an adverse benefit determination on review on a disability benefit claim based on new or additional rationale, the Plan will provide the claimant, free of charge, with the rationale as soon as possible and sufficiently in advance of the date on which the notice of adverse benefit determination on review is required to be provided so as to provide the claimant a reasonable opportunity to respond prior to that date.

You will be notified of the final decision by the Trustees on a timely basis following their review. The decision shall be in writing in a clear and understandable manner and shall give the specific reasons for the decision and include the pertinent plan provisions.

AMENDMENT OR TERMINATION OF THE PLAN

It is intended that the Plan be continued indefinitely, although it may be amended, modified or terminated by agreement of the Contributing Employers and the Union, subject to the provisions of an applicable Collective Bargaining Agreement.

Upon a Plan termination, all Participants become 100% Vested in their Accrued Benefit. If after all the liabilities for benefits and administrative expenses of the Plan have been met, there remains surplus assets, the surplus assets will be reallocated to all Participants in a non-discriminatory manner based on the present value of the Participant's Accrued Benefit.

The Trustees also have the right to amend the Plan provided that no amendment deprives any Participant of a fixed right or benefit already accrued.

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

As a Participant in this Plan you are entitled to certain rights and protection under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, also called ERISA. ERISA provides that all Plan Participants shall be entitled to:

RECEIVE INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR PLAN AND BENEFITS

- Examine, without charge, all Plan documents, including:
- All documents governing the Plan;
- Insurance contracts, if any;
- Collective bargaining agreements; and
- Copies of all documents filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor, such as detailed annual reports and Plan descriptions.
 - This examination may take place at the Plan Administrator's location or Union hall. (See the Article in this Summary entitled "GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PLAN");
- Obtain copies of all Plan documents and other Plan information upon written request to the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- Receive a summary of the Plan's annual financial report. The Plan Administrator is required by law to furnish each Participant with a copy of this summary annual report;

• Obtain a statement telling you whether you have a right to receive a retirement benefit at Normal Retirement Age (age 65) and, if so, what your benefits would be at Normal Retirement Age if you stop working under the Plan now. If you do not have a right to a retirement benefit, the statement will tell you how many years you have to work to get a right to a retirement benefit. **THIS STATEMENT MUST BE REQUESTED IN WRITING AND IS NOT REQUIRED TO BE GIVEN MORE THAN ONCE A YEAR.** The Plan must provide the statement free of charge.

REQUEST COPIES OF CERTAIN ACTUARIAL AND FINANCIAL DOCUMENTS ABOUT THE PLAN

This access is intended to increase the transparency of the Plan and to allow you to better understand the Plan's funding and financial status. You may submit a written request to the Plan Administrator for copies of any of the following documents:

- Any periodic actuarial report (including sensitivity testing) received by the Plan for any Plan Year, so long as the report has been in the Plan's possession for at least 30 days.
- Any quarterly, semi-annual, or annual financial report prepared for the Plan by any Plan investment manager or advisor or other fiduciary that has been in the Plan's possession for at least 30 days.
- Any application filed with the Secretary of the Treasury requesting an extension under Section 304 of ERISA or Section 431(d) of the Internal Revenue Code and the Secretary's determination on the application.

However, the following procedures and limitations apply to the disclosure of these actuarial and financial documents:

- The requirements apply only to Plan Years beginning after December 31, 2007.
- The Plan Administrator has 30 days from the day that your written request was received to provide the documents.
- The Plan Administrator may charge a reasonable fee that covers the cost of furnishing the requested documents.
- The Plan Administrator will not respond to requests for reports or applications that have already been furnished to you within the 12-month period immediately prior to the date on which the request was received by the Plan.
- The Plan Administrator is not required to furnish copies of outdated reports and will not provide copies of reports or applications that have been in the Plan's possession for six (6) years or more as of the date on which the request was received by the Plan.
- The Plan Administrator does not have to disclose the information or data that served as the basis for any report or application being requested.

 The Plan Administrator will not disclose documents that contain individually identifiable or proprietary information about any Plan Participant, Beneficiary, Employee, fiduciary or contributing Employer.

PRUDENT ACTIONS BY PLAN FIDUCIARIES

In addition to creating rights for Plan Participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate the Plan, called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other Plan Participants and Beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your Union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a pension benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

ENFORCE YOUR RIGHTS

If your claim for a retirement benefit is denied in whole or in part, you must receive a written explanation of the reason for the denial. You have the right to have the Plan Administrator review and reconsider your claim. (See the Article in this Summary entitled "BENEFIT CLAIMS PROCEDURE.")

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request materials from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110.00 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator.

If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or federal court. In addition, if you disagree with the Plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a domestic relations order or a medical child support order, you may file suit in federal court. If the Plan's fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees if, for example, it finds your claim is frivolous.

ASSISTANCE WITH YOUR QUESTIONS

If you have any questions about your Plan, you should contact the Plan Administrator. If you have any questions about this statement, or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the Plan Administrator, you should contact the nearest Area Office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publication hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY PROVISION

In discharging the duties assigned to them under the Plan and Trust, the Trustees and, to the extent this authority has been delegated by the Trustees, the Plan Administrator and/or the third-party administrator and his or its delegates have the discretion and final authority to interpret and construe the terms of this Plan and the Trust; to determine coverage and eligibility for benefits under the Plan; and to make all other determinations deemed necessary or advisable for the discharge of their duties or the administration of this Plan and the Trust. The discretionary authority of the Trustees, the Plan Administrator, the third-party administrator and their delegates is final, absolute, conclusive and exclusive, and binds all parties so long as it is exercised in good faith. It is specifically intended that judicial review of any decision of the Trustees, the Plan Administrator, the third-party administrator or their delegates be limited to the arbitrary and capricious standard of review.

PARTICIPANT RESPONSIBILITES

Information about this Plan is sent to you by mail. To ensure you receive this information, we need your correct address on file at all times. If you move, call the Pension Fund and let us know your new address.

If you are married, or become married, the law requires that you name your spouse as your Beneficiary unless your spouse has consented in writing that she or he understands the effect of your designation of another Beneficiary. This consent must be witnessed by a notary public.

If your marital status changes or there are other changes in your personal life which affect your choice of Beneficiary, contact the Fund's location.

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR PLAN

NAME OF PLAN: St. Paul Electrical Construction Pension Plan

PLAN I.D. NUMBER: 001

FEDERAL I.D. NUMBER: 41-6046858

PLAN YEAR: October 1 through September 30

EMPLOYER: Any employer obligated to make payments to this Plan

based upon your Hours Worked with that Contributing Employer. A complete list of the employers contributing to the Plan may be obtained upon written request to the Plan Administrator and is available for examination by

Participants and Beneficiaries.

PLAN TRUSTEES

Union TrusteesEmployer TrusteesJames C. SchultLuke M. KuhlDouglas W. SuchanekJ.T. PedersenBrandon P. AndersonNate J. Stein

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR AND THIRD-PARTY ADMINISTRATOR INFORMATION

This Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees. Trustees on the Board are appointed either by the Union or by the St. Paul Chapter National Electrical Contractors Association. The Board of Trustees are the Plan Administrator of the Plan.

The Board of Trustees have hired Wilson-McShane Corporation to act as third-party administrator for the Plan.

You may contact the Trustees, or Wilson-McShane Corporation to seek information related to the Plan's location and phone number below:

St. Paul Electrical Construction Pension Plan 1330 Conway Street, Suite 130 St. Paul, MN 55106

952-851-5949

SERVICE OF LEGAL PROCESS

The name and address of your Plan's agent for service of legal process is:

Plan Administrator, Martin C. Lasley – Wilson-McShane Corporation 1330 Conway Street, Suite 130 St. Paul, MN 55106 952-851-5949

Service of legal process may also be made upon any of the Trustees.